



# PAL Smart SPME Fibers Optimized for Automation





## PAL3 Smart SPME Fibers

Each PAL Smart SPME Fiber is equipped with its own read/ write chip with preset parameters, ranges, usage tracking and a unique ID.

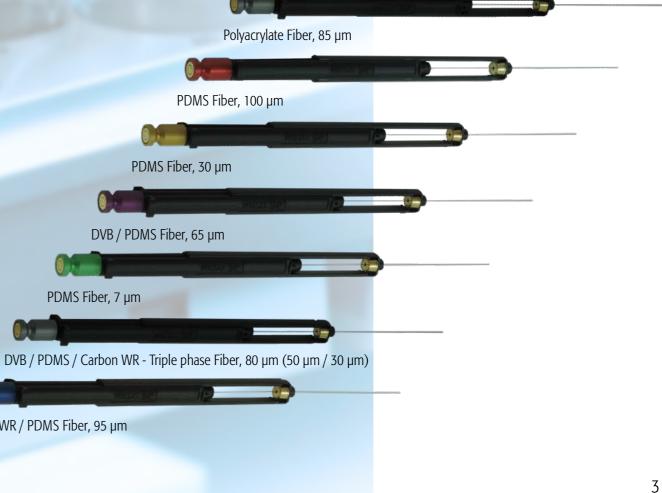
### PAL3 Smart SPME Fiber

Since its introduction by Pawliszyn et al. (ref. 1) Solid Phase Micro Extraction (SPME) has seen a tremendous development. It is used for extracting organics from a matrix (solid, liquid or gaseous) into a stationary phase immobilized on a fiber. The analytes are thermally desorbed directly in the injector of a gas chromatograph.

- Color coded for easy identification of coating type and thickness
- Full traceability
- Excellent extraction properties



Find more information about <u>SPME Fibers</u>



Carbon WR / PDMS Fiber, 95 µm



Reference (1): Detection of substituted benzenes in water at the pg/ml level using solid-phase microextraction and gas chromatography-ion trap mass spectrometry. Potter DW, Pawliszyn J., J Chromatogr. 1992 Nov 20;625(2):247-55.

### Comparison of PAL Smart SPME Fibers with established Fibers

The new PAL SPME Fibers (PDMS fibers 7  $\mu$ m, 30  $\mu$ m, and 100  $\mu$ m and the polyacrylate fiber) yield identical results when compared with the corresponding commercial fibers. For medium and high boiling compounds the PAL SPME Carbon WR fiber in certain cases shows an even better performance than the established fibers.

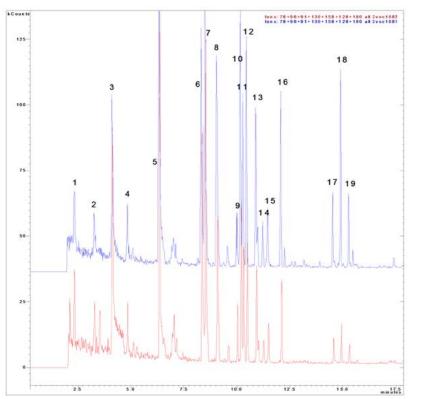


Fig. 1: Comparison of fibers for the analysis of VOCs: PAL SPME Carbon WR fiber 95 µm (blue) and Brand X Carboxen® fiber (red).

## Choose the right Fiber for your Analytes

Typical applications for the SPME technique are:

- Drugs and pharmaceuticals
- Trace Analysis in foodstuffs
- Herbicides / pesticides
- Medical diagnostics
- Water analysis (organics in water)
- Trace impurities in polymers and solid samples
- Solvent residues in raw materials

The type of the fiber corresponds to the polarity and the molecular weight of the analytes:

- For nonpolar samples a PDMS coated fiber should be chosen.
- For low molecular weights or volatile compounds a 100 µm PDMS-coated fiber is usually the best choice.

- Larger molecular weights or semi-volatile compounds are more effectively extracted using a 30  $\mu m$ , or 7  $\mu m$  PDMS-coated fiber.

1 1,1-Dichloroethene

4 Trichloroethylene

3 Benzene

5 Toluene

6 Ethylbenzene

7 m-,p- Xylene 8 o-Xylene

9 Bromobenzene 10 2-Chlorotoluene

4 Chlorotoluene
 tert-Butylbenzene
 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene

15 sec-Butylbenzene 16 n-Butylbenzene

18 Naphthalene

17 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene

19 1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene

11 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene

2 cis-1,2-Dichloroethene

- For an effective extraction of analytes with a very high polarity from polar samples, the 85 µm polyacrylatecoated fiber is the best alternative.
- For trace-level volatiles analysis, use the 95 μm Carbon WR (Carbon Wide Range / PDMS) coated fiber.

Note: The 100  $\mu m$  and 30  $\mu m$  PDMS-coated fibers cannot be used with hexane.

The new Smart Fibers are already premounted in its own holder for immediate use.

- No more manual fiber exchange needed
- Maximum fiber protection

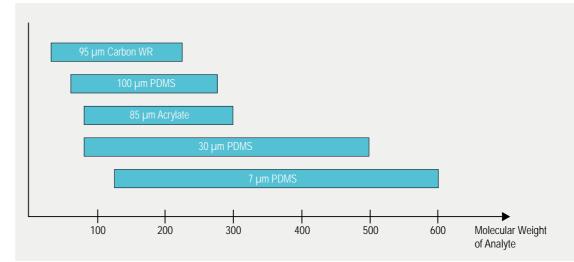


Fig. 2: Correlation between molecular weight of the analyte and the fiber type

Type of Analyte	Molecular Weight	Recomr
Non-polar high molecular weight compounds	125 - 600	7 µm P
Non-polar semi-volatiles	80 - 500	30 µm l
Polar semi-volatiles	80 - 300	85 µm l
Volatiles	60 - 275	100 µm
Gases and low molecular weight compounds	30 - 225	95 µm (

Table 1: Which fiber for which type of analyte?



Fig. 3: Color Code for easy optical identification of coating type and thickness

nmended Fiber

- PDMS (Polydimethylsiloxane)
- PDMS (Polydimethylsiloxane)
- PA (Polyacrylate)
- m PDMS (Polydimethylsiloxane)
- Carbon WR / PDMS (Carbon Wide Range / Polydimethylsiloxane)

Ana		Low	Polarity	High
Prope	erties	Carb	on WR/PDMS	
High		PD	DVB/PDMS MS 100 µm pon WR/	
Volatility	D	PD	PDMS	Tiate
TOW	1		AS 7 Jum	

#### PAL Smart SPME Fiber Ordering Information

The PAL Smart SPME Fibers are available in order quantities of one, three or five fibers per box. For method development, a set of each fiber type (set of five) is available.

No.	Phase Thickness	Color Code	Set of 1 Smart Fiber PNo.	Set of 3 Smart Fibers PNo.	Set of 5 Smart Fibers PNo.
	PDMS Smart SPME Fibe	r (Polydimethy	lsiloxane)		
1	7 µm	Green	SFIB-P-7/10-P1	SFIB-P-7/10-P3	SFIB-P-7/10-P5
2	30 µm	Golden	SFIB-P-30/10-P1	SFIB-P-30/10-P3	SFIB-P-30/10-P5
3	100 µm	Red	SFIB-P-100/10-P1	SFIB-P-100/10-P3	SFIB-P-100/10-P5
	Polyacrylate Smart SPM	E Fiber			
4	85 µm	Grey	SFIB-A-85/10-P1	SFIB-A-85/10-P3	SFIB-A-85/10-P5
	Carbon WR / PDMS SPN	AE Smart Fiber	(Carbon Wide Range / Poly	dimethylsiloxane)	
5	95 µm	Dark Blue	SFIB-C-WR-95/10-P1	SFIB-C-WR-95/10-P3	SFIB-C-WR-95/10-P5
	DVB / PDMS Smart SPM	E Fiber (Diviny	lbenzene / Polydimethylsilo	xane)	
6	65 µm	Violet	SFIB-DVB-65/10-P1	SFIB-DVB-65/10-P3	SFIB-DVB-65/10-P5
	DVB /PDMS/ Carbon W	R Smart SPME	Fiber (Divinylbenzene / Pol	ydimethylsiloxane / Carbor	n Wide Range)
7	80 µm (50 µm / 30 µm)	Dark Grey	SFIB-DVB/C-WR-80/10-P1	SFIB-DVB/C-WR-80/10-P3	SFIB-DVB/C-WR-80/10-P5
	Smart Fiber Selections for	or method dev	elopment (set of 5 different	Smart SPME Fiber types)	
	Fiber Selection of Smart S	SFIB-SEL5-S1			
	Fiber Selection of Smart S	SFIB-SEL5-S2			

Table 2: PAL Smart SPME Fiber Order Information.

All PAL Smart SPME Fibers have a standard length of 10 mm and the core material is Fused Silica.

PAL Smart SPME Fibers can be used for a wide range of GC and injector models and are are fully backward compatible with non smart SPME Fibers any generation of PAL3 Systems.

#### PAL Smart SPME Fiber Accessories

To use the SPME technique with a PAL System a dedicated kit is required, for more information see following table.

An Agitator is highly recommended for temperature controlled extractions. Furthermore the agitation speeds up the equilibration process.

A second optional module is the SPME Arrow Conditioning module, wich can be used for conditioning of SPME Arrows and SPME fibers prior to sample enrichments. The Conditioning module has two functions. The first function is the cleaning (bakeout) of the inserted fiber after the analytical process to prepare for the next analysis. The second function is to condition a new fiber in an inert gas atmosphere. This module is strongly recommended since it will help to protect the GC injection port from contamination and free up the port after thermal desorption.

Smart SPME Kit PAL3-SPME-SFib-Kit	Sma 1 pc 1 pc 1 pc
SPME Arrow Conditioning Module PAL3-SPME-ArrowCond	<ul> <li>Folleni</li> <li>Pol</li> <li>Pol</li> <li>Au</li> <li>Ma</li> <li>rec</li> </ul>
Agitator Module PAL3-Agitator	• Foi • 6 p • Ter • Ag • Op

nart SPME kit, consisting of: bc SPME tool bc SPME Fiber assortment kit (SFIB-SEL5-S2) bc SPME performance evaluation mix

For the conditioning of SPME Arrows and SPME Fibers prior to sample enrichment, max. 350 °C Position for automated conditioning Position for manual pre-conditioning Automated purge gas valve Manual gas valve for pre-conditioning equires firmware version 2.3 or higher

or the incubation and agitation of samples positions for 20 mL vials emperature range 40 - 200 °C vgitation speed 250 - 750 rpm Optional adapters for 2 mL or 10 mL vials





Contact the experts for sample preparation:



Or find your nearest value added reseller.

For more information on PAL System visit:

www.palsystem.com

