

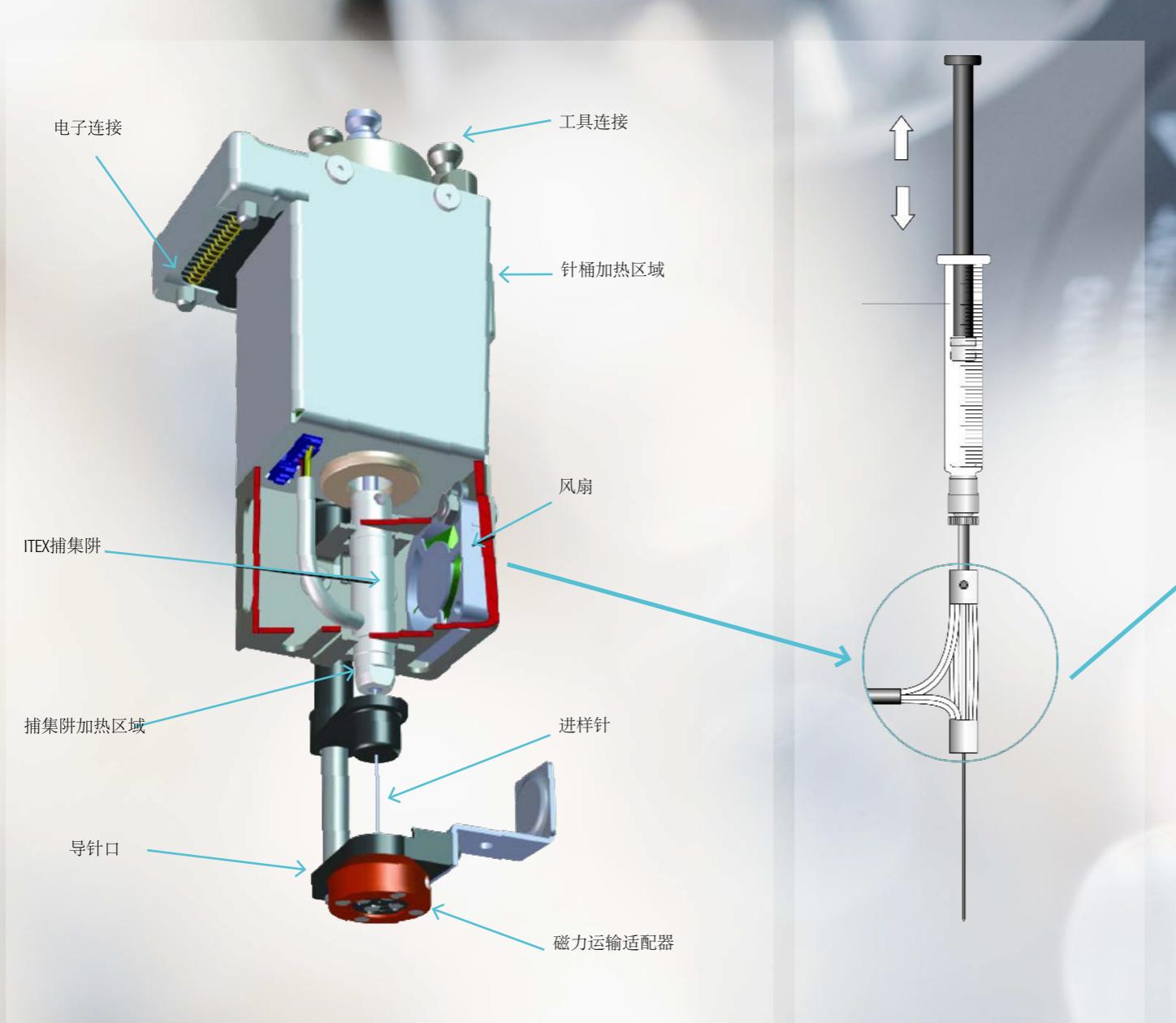


ITEX动态顶空 强大的GC样品富集技术



ITEX (冷阱捕集顶空萃取) 动态顶空模块

快速从固态、液态、气态样品中高效富集挥发性、半挥发性化合物



ITEX动态顶空萃取流程

样品在密封的
样品瓶中加热
和/或振荡

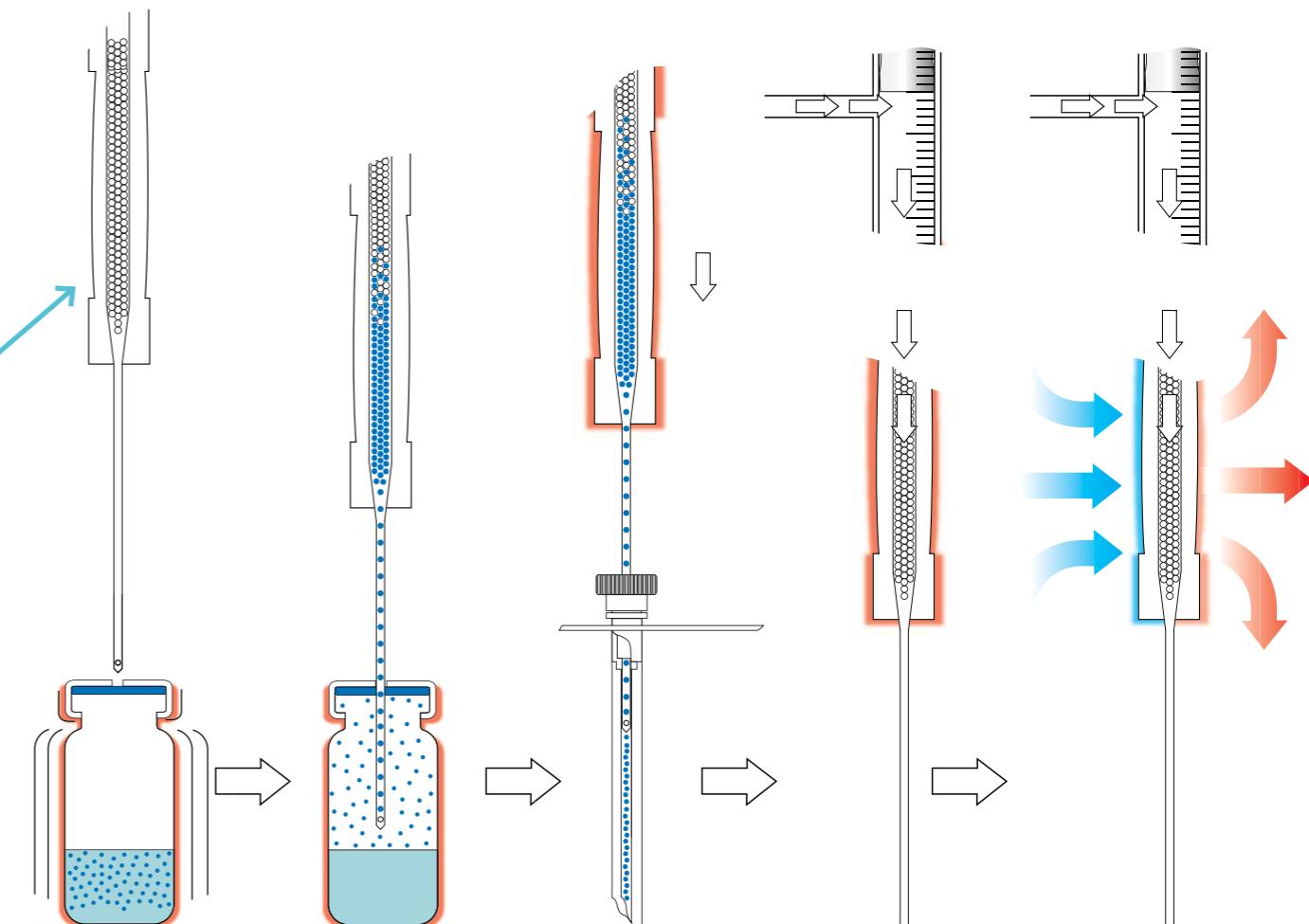
ITEX针刺穿密
封的顶空瓶，预
加热的针筒如
针泵原理将瓶
内顶空相样品
富集在冷的捕
集阱中。

此时可增加捕
集阱除水步骤

ITEX捕集阱可快
速加热到350°C，并
将被分析物引入
GC进样口中解
析。

热解吸后使用
惰性气体清洗
ITEX捕集阱。

主动降温功能
确样品前处理
循环时间缩
短。



- 冷阱捕集顶空萃取与解吸采用工业标准吸附剂；
- 针筒设计：无定量环，传输线，切换阀的残留隐患；
- 不同应用可选择不同捕集阱固定相；
- 主动降温功能加速样品制备、缩短进样品周期；
- 无需改造GC进样口；
- PAL RTC平台可实现顶空，SPME，ITEX在同一个序列、同一台仪
器上自动进样切换。

样品孵化

萃取

解吸

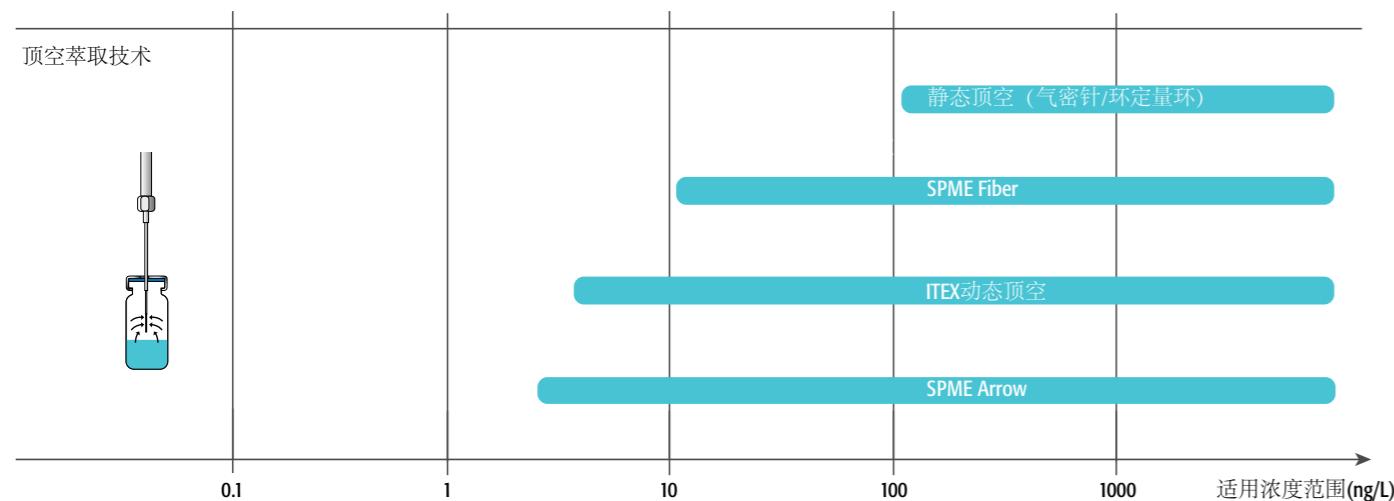
清洗捕集阱

主动降温

浏览更多信息请点击[ITEX DHS](#)



灵敏度



ITEX动态顶空与吹扫捕集灵敏度比较

ITEX与Purge & Trap灵敏度比较

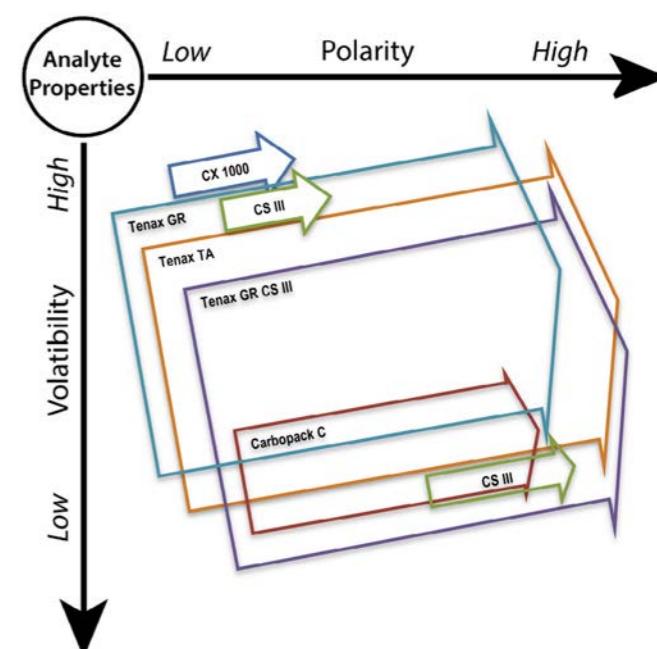
化合物	ITEX 动态顶空					吹扫捕集		
	方法检出限 [$\mu\text{g L}^{-1}$]	线性范围 [$\mu\text{g L}^{-1}$]	R ²	RSD [%]	回收率 [%]	方法检出限 [$\mu\text{g L}^{-1}$]	RSD [%]	
Vinylchloride	0.008	0.02-2.0	0.999	5.3 (n=63)	103	0.008		
Dichloromethane	0.01	0.03-2.7	0.999	5.5 (n=63)	97			
MTBE	0.004	0.01-1.5	0.999	6.1 (n=63)	88	0.001	4.7	
ETBE	0.001	0.004-1.5	0.998	6.6 (n=77)	94	0.009	5.1	
Chloroform	0.004	0.007-2.9	0.999	5.4 (n=77)	99	0.008		
Benzene	0.001	0.002-1.8	0.999	5.4 (n=84)	89	0.002	5	
TAME	0.001	0.004-1.5	0.999	5.8 (n=77)	95	0.01	3	
1,2-dichloroethane	0.002	0.006-2.5	0.999	5.3 (n=77)	97			
Trichloroethylene	0.001	0.007-2.9	0.999	5.2 (n=77)	95	0.003	5.3	
Bromodichloromethane	0.001	0.002-4.0	0.999	6.1 (n=91)	97	0.007	5.2	
1,4-Dioxane	0.07	0.1-2.1	0.998	8.9 (n=49)	59			
Toluene	0.005	0.009-1.7	0.998	7.3 (n=70)	96	0.001	4.5	
Tetrachloroethylene	0.001	0.003-3.2	0.999	5.7 (n=84)	97	0.004	7.3	
Dibromochlormethane	0.005	0.02-4.9	0.999	5.8 (n=70)	98	0.001	4.1	
Ethylbenzene	0.002	0.009-1.7	0.999	8.7 (n=70)	93	0.001	5.5	
p-Xylene	0.004	0.009-1.7	0.999	8.9 (n=70)	117	0.001	4.9	
o-Xylene	0.005	0.02-1.7	0.999	6.9 (n=65)	90	0.002	4.7	
Bromoform	0.002	0.006-5.8	0.999	5.7 (n=84)	94			
2-Methylisoborneol	0.03	0.1-2.0	0.999	5.5 (n=49)	94	0.001	5.6	
Geosmin	0.06	0.1-2.0	0.999	5.1 (n=49)	88	0.002	6.1	

Ref: Laaks J, Jochmann MA, Schilling B, Schmidt TC ; Anal. Chem. 2010, 82, 7641-7648

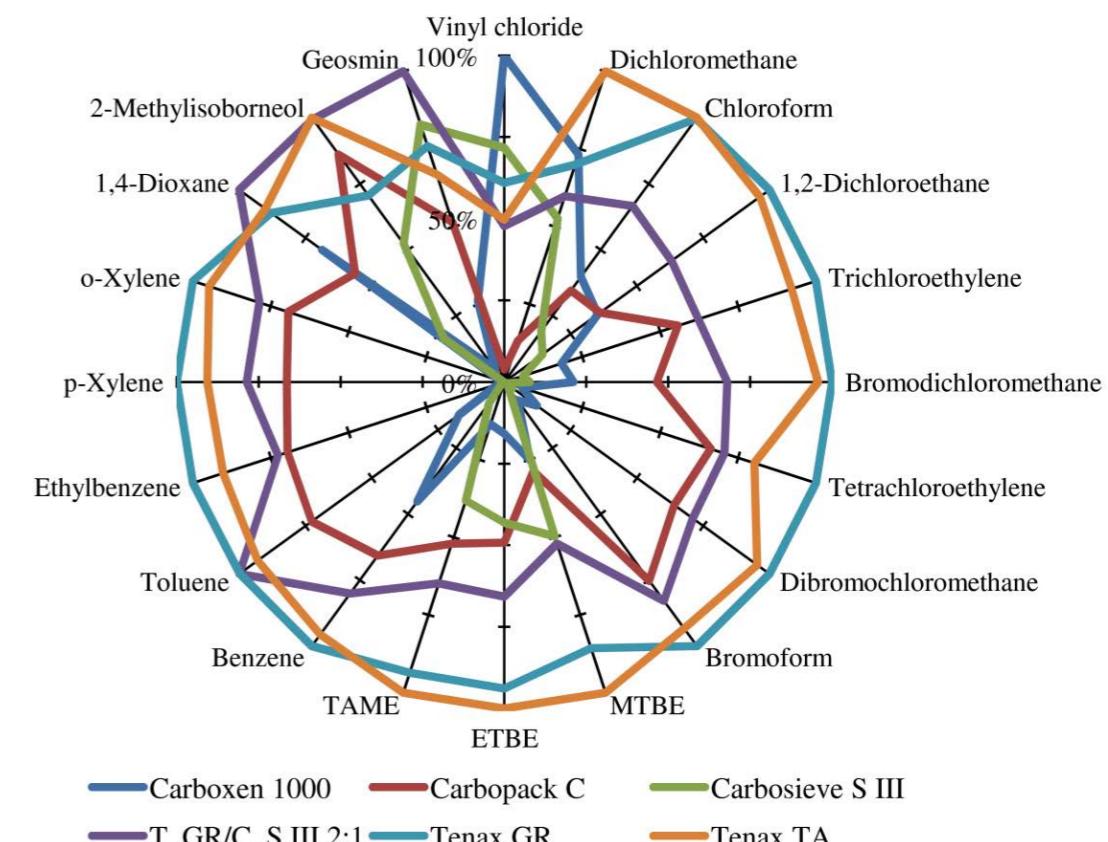
ITEX捕集阱

PAL3-ITEX-Trap-Carb-S3	PAL3 ITEX trap Carbosieve SIII -60/ 80 mesh
PAL3-ITEX-Trap-Carb1000	PAL3 ITEX trap Carboxen 1000 -60 / 80 mesh
PAL3-ITEX-Trap-CarbC	PAL3 ITEX trap Carbotrap C 80 /100 mesh
PAL3-ITEX-Trap-TxGR	PAL3 ITEX trap Tenax GR - 80 /100 mesh
PAL3-ITEX-Trap-TXTA100	PAL3 ITEX trap Tenax TA 80 /100 mesh
PAL3-ITEX-Trap-Mix-1	PAL3 ITEX trap Mix1 Tenax TA : Carboxen1000 (Bottom: Top - 1: 1)
PAL3-ITEX-Trap-Mix-2	PAL3 ITEX trap Mix2 Carbotrap C : Carbosieve SIII (Bottom: Top - 2: 1)
PAL3-ITEX-Trap-Mix-3	PAL3 ITEX trap Mix3 Tenax GR : Carbosieve SIII (Bottom: Top - 1: 1)

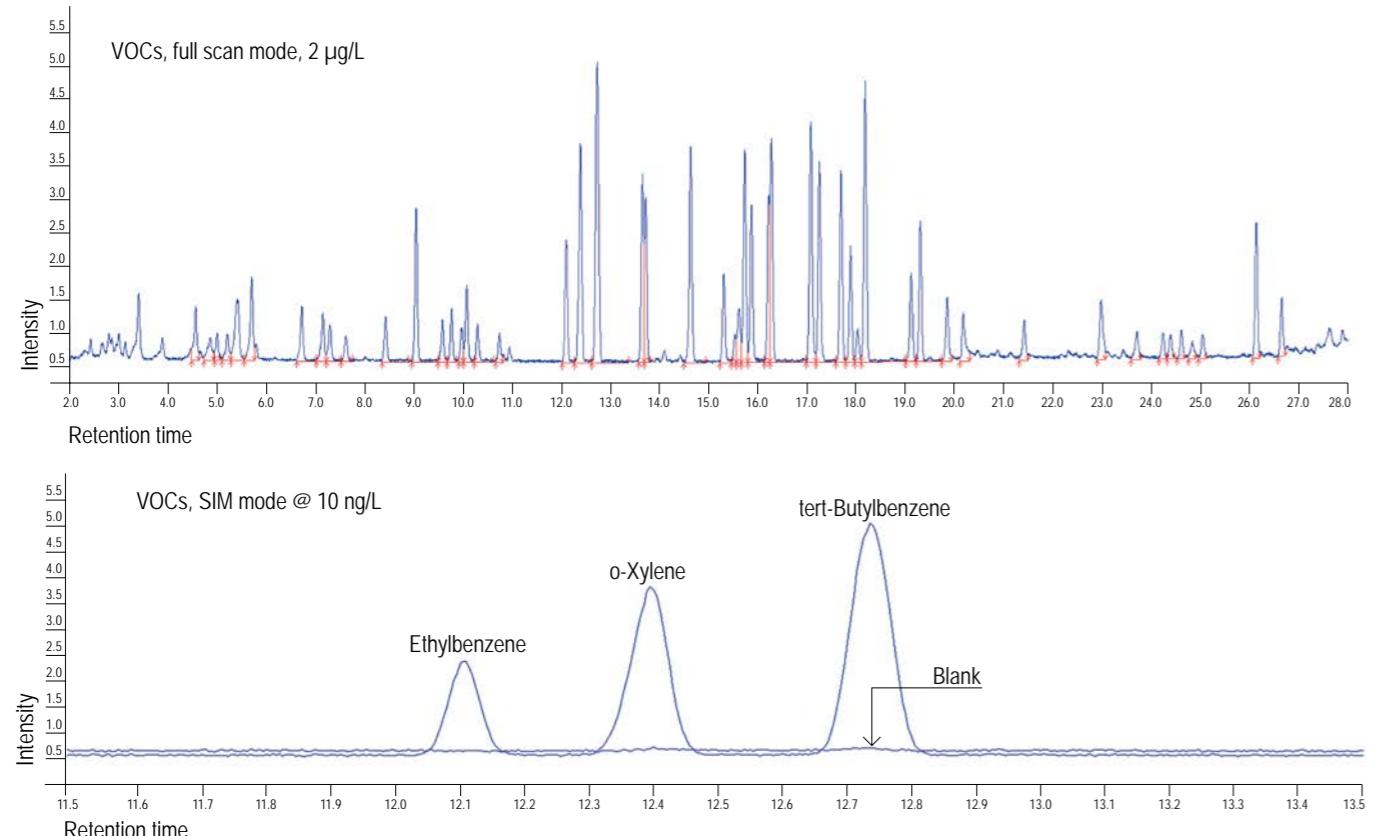
ITEX捕集阱适用范围



挥发性化合物在不同ITEX固定相萃取比较



环境方面应用 水中痕量VOCs, BTEX分析, EPA 502.2



样品前处理:

Full scan data: 2 µg/L MegaMix® Standard, 524.2 73 components), Restek PN 30601

SIM scan data: 10 ng/L MegaMix® Standard, 502.2 (54 components), Restek PN 30432

10mL water + 标准品, 放入20 mL 顶空瓶中, + 3g NaCl

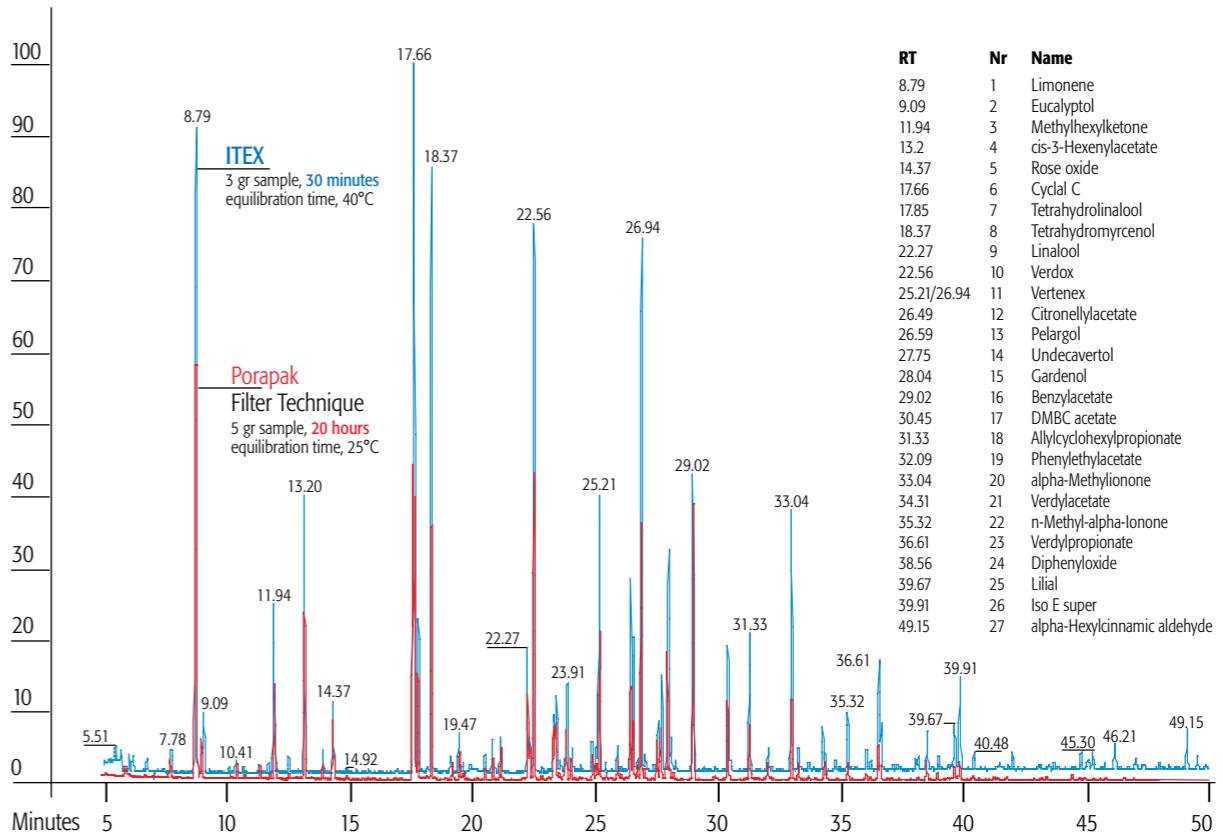
色谱条件 (Shimadzu GC-2010 Plus):

Column	Rxi® 624 Sil MS, 30 m x 0.32mm, 1.8 µm df
Carrier gas	helium, 93.2 kPa
Temperature program	40°C for 1 min, 5°C/min to 250°C, 2 min hold
Injector	split/split less at 225°C
Liner	Restek catalog # 23321.1, 3.5 mm Splitless Single Tpr Gsnk
GC	Shimadzu GC-2010 Plus
Detector	Shimadzu GCMS-W2010E

ITEX动态顶空萃取及进样参数

Incubation temperature	40°C
Incubation time	3 min
Syringe temperature	50°C
Extraction strokes	3 x 1 mL at 40°C (12 min)
Extraction speed	100 µL/s
Desorption temperature	200°C with 1 mL headspace
ITEX trap material	Tenax TA

食品方面应用 香料/柔顺剂分析结果比较 ITEX动态顶空vs. Poropak过滤器



色谱条件 (Thermo TraceGC):

Column	Stabilwax 30 m x 0.25 mm, ID x 0.25 mm film thickness
Oven	35°C - 0.5 min 15°C/min 50°C - 0 min 5°C/min 220°C/1 min
SSL	splitless with surge, surge pressure 20 kPa/0.4 min (0.5 mL), split flow 100 mL/0.3 min
Carrier	He, 1 mL/min constant flow with vacuum compensation

质谱参数 (Thermo Trace MS system)

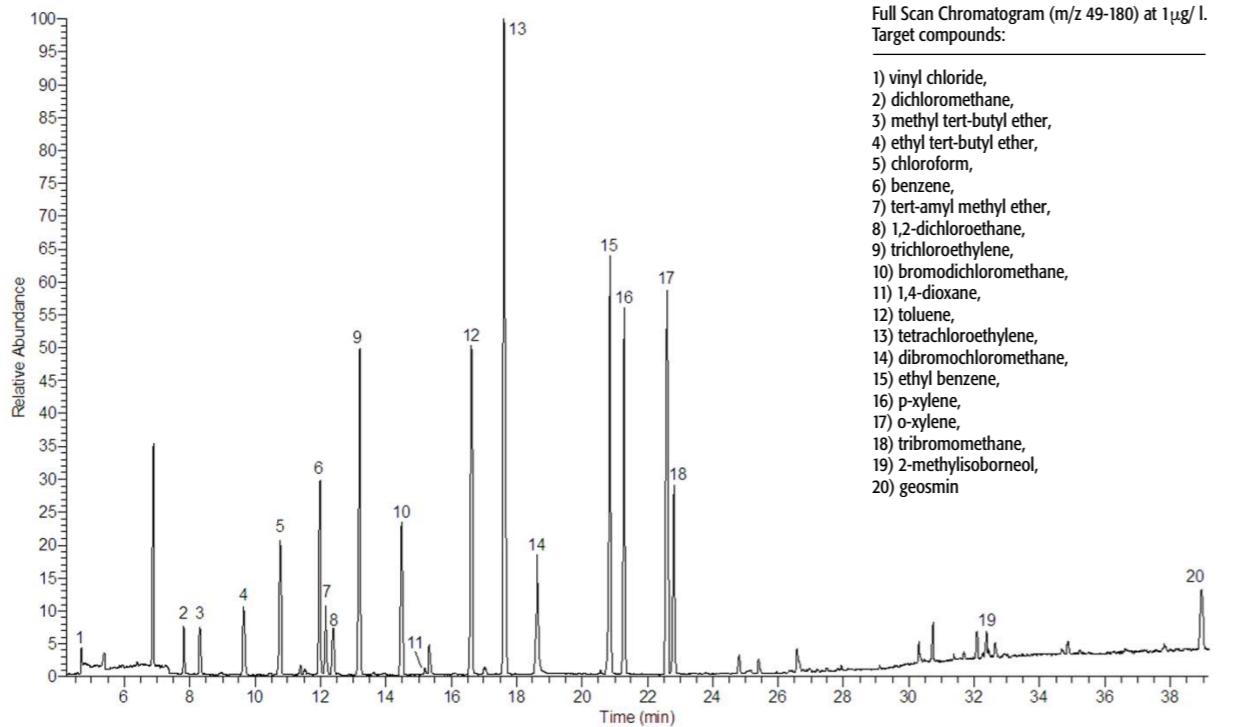
Ionisation mode	El+
Source temperature	230°C
Interface	220°C
Mass	20 - 350 amu

Courtesy of: Givaudan Research Company,
CH-8600 Dübendorf, Zürich, Switzerland, H. Koch

ITEX动态顶空萃取及进样参数

Incubation temperature	40°C
Incubation time	30 min
Syringe temperature	45°C
Extraction volume	1000 µL/stroke
Extraction strokes	10
Extraction speed	100 µL/s
Desorption temperature	200°C
Desorption speed	100 µL/s
Flush time	5 min

环境方面应用 GC/MS测定水中挥发性有机物, EPA 524.2



ITEX分析挥发、半挥发有机物，灵敏度可达ppt级

仪器条件

GC	Thermo Trace GC Ultra	40°C for 1 min, 4°C/min to 130°C, 10°C/min to 200°C for 10 min
MS	Thermo DSQII	EI 70evm Scan mode m/z 49-180
Injector	AtasGL Optic 3 with cryofocusing unit	280°C Crytrap - 165°C for 30 s, 30°C/s to 250°C
GC Column	Restek VMS 60 m x 0.32 mm i.d., 1.8 μm film	1.5 mL/min constant flow
Autosampler	PAL RTC with ITEX Dynamic Headspace, Tenax GC/Carbosieve S3 trap	10 mL sample in 20 mL headspace vial

ITEX动态顶空参数

Sample storage in tray cooler	25°C	Extraction volume	1000 μL
Tray temperature	40°C	Extraction flow rate	100 μL/s
Syringe temperature	60°C	Desorption volume	500 μL
Incubation time	5 min	Desorption flow rate	10 μL/s
Agitator speed	500 rpm	Desorption temperature	300°C
Extraction temperature	60°C	Trap cleaning temperature	350°C
Extraction stroke	60	Trap cleaning time	5 min

更多应用示例

环境

In-Tube Extraction of Volatile Organic Compounds from Aqueous Samples: An Economical Alternative to Purge and Trap Enrichment
Jens Laaks,[†] Maik A. Jochmann,^{*,†}
Beat Schilling, and Torsten C. Schmidt[†]
Anal. Chem. 2010, 82, 7641–7648

Multi-walled carbon nanotubes as sorptive material for solventless in-tube microextraction (ITEX2)—a factorial design study
Thorsten Hüffer & Xochitli L. Osorio & Maik A. Jochmann & Beat Schilling & Torsten C. Schmidt
Instrumental Analytical Chemistry, University of Duisburg-Essen, Universitätsstrasse 5, 45141 Essen, Germany; BGB Analytik GmbH, Rohrmattstrasse 1, 4461 Boeckten, Switzerland
Anal Bioanal Chem (2013) 405:8387–8395

Microwave-assisted nonionic surfactant extraction of aliphatic hydrocarbons from petroleum source rock
A. Akinluala,^a M.A. Jochmann,^b J. Laaksb, A. Ewertb, T.C. Schmidt^b
^aFossil Fuels and Environmental Geochemistry Group, Department of Chemistry, Obafemi Awolowo University, Ile-Ife, Nigeria
^bInstrumental Analytical Chemistry, University Duisburg-Essen, Universitätsstr. 5, 45141 Essen, Germany

Predominance of Biotic over Abiotic Formation of Halogenated Hydrocarbons in Hypersaline Sediments in Western Australia
A. Ruecker,[†] P. Weigold,[†] S. Behrens,[†] M. Jochmann,[‡] J. Laaks,[‡] and A. Kappler,^{*,†}
[†]Geomicrobiology, Center for Applied Geosciences, University of Tübingen, Tübingen 72074, Germany
[‡]Instrumental Analytical Chemistry, Faculty of Chemistry, University of Duisburg-Essen, Essen 45141, Germany

Sub-ppt determination of butyltins, methylmercury and inorganic mercury in natural waters by dynamic headspace in-tube extraction and GC-ICPMS detection[†]
Jing Hu,^{ab} Enea Pagliano,^b Xiandeng Hou, ^aChengbin Zheng,^a Lu Yang,^{*b} and Zoltan Mesterb

化工

Microwave-assisted nonionic surfactant extraction of aliphatic hydrocarbons from petroleum source rock
A. Akinluala,^{a,*} M.A. Jochmann,^b J. Laaks,^b A. Ewert,^b
T.C. Schmidt^b - Analytica Chimica Acta 691 (2011) 48–55

Optimization strategies of in-tube extraction (ITEX) methods
Jens Laaks¹ & Maik A. Jochmann¹ & Beat Schilling² & Torsten C. Schmidt¹

Unbiased profiling of volatile organic compounds in the headspace of Allium plants using an in-tube extraction device
Miyako Kusano^{1,2*}, Makoto Kobayashi², Yumiko Izuka^{2,3}, Atsushi Fukushima² and Kazuki Saito^{2,4}

Multi-walled carbon nanotubes as sorptive material for solventless in-tube microextraction (ITEX2)—a factorial design study
Thorsten Hüffer & Xochitli L. Osorio & Maik A. Jochmann & Beat Schilling & Torsten C. Schmidt

食品

In-tube Extraction and GC-MS Analysis of Volatile Components from Wild and Cultivated sea buckthorn (*Hippophae rhamnoides* L. ssp. *Carpatica*) Berry Varieties and Juice
Sonia A. Socaci,^a Carmen Socaci,^{a*} Maria Tofan,^a Ioan V. Ratib and Adela Pintea - Phytochem. Anal. 2013, 24, 319–328

Automated and quantitative headspace in-tube extraction for the accurate determination of highly volatile compounds from wines and beers
Julián Zapata, Laura Mateo-Vivaracho, Ricardo Lopez, Vicente Ferreira*
J. Chromatography A, 1230 (2012) 1–7

In-Tube Extraction-GC/MS as High Capacity Enrichment Technique for the Analysis of Alcoholic Beverages.
Laaks J., Jochmann M.A., Schilling B., Molt K., Schmidt T.C.
[†]Instrumental Analytical Chemistry, University Duisburg-Essen, Universitätsstrasse 5, D-45141 Essen, Germany;
§BGB Analytik AG, Lettenstrasse 97, CH-8134 Adliswil, Switzerland
J. Agric. Food Chem. 2014, [Epub ahead of print]

Determination of Wine Aroma Compounds by Head Space “In tube extraction” Technique and Gas Chromatography (HS-ITEX-GC/MS)
Luminita VÂRVA1, Sonia SOCACI1, Anca FARCAS1, Liana SALANTA1, Ana-Viorica POP (CUCEU)1, Elena MUDURA2 and Maria TOFANA1*

临床/生命科学

Headspace In-Tube Extraction Gas Chromatography-Mass Spectrometry for the Analysis of Hydroxyl Methyl-Derivatized and Volatile Organic Compounds in Blood and Urine
Ilpo Rasanen, Jenni Viinämäki, Erkki Vuori, and Ilkka Ojanperä*
J Analytical Toxicology, 34, 2010, 113–121

Metabolic Profiling of Oxidized Lipid-Derived Volatiles in Blood by Gas Chromatography/Mass Spectrometry with In-Tube Extraction (ITEX)
Shoji Kakuta,¹ Yasuhiko Bando,² Shin Nishiumi,³ Masaru Yoshida,^{3,4,5} Eiichiro Fukusaki,¹ and Takeshi Bamba^{*1}
¹ Department of Biotechnology, Graduate School of Engineering, Osaka University, 2-1 Yamadaoka, Suita, Osaka 565-0871, Japan
² AMR Inc., 13-18 Nakane-2, Meguro-ku, Tokyo 152-0031, Japan
³ Division of Gastroenterology, Department of Internal Medicine, Kobe University Graduate School of Medicine, 7-5-1 Kusunoki-cho, Chu-o-ku, Kobe, Hyogo 650-0017, Japan
⁴ e Integrated Center for Mass Spectrometry, Kobe University Graduate School of Medicine, 7-5-1 Kusunoki-cho, Chu-o-ku, Kobe, Hyogo 650-0017, Japan
⁵ Division of Metabolomics Research, Kobe University Graduate School of Medicine, 7-5-1 Kusunoki-cho, Chu-o-ku, Kobe, Hyogo 650-0017, Japan
Mass Spectrometry 2013, 2, A0018

Metabolomic signature of brain cancer^{*}
Renu Pandey¹, Laura Caflisch², Alessia Lodi¹, Andrew J. Brenner^{2,3}, Stefano Tiziani^{1,4}

ITEX动态顶空指标

捕集阱温度范围	40°C - 350°C
针温度范围	40°C - 120°C
萃取速率	10 µL/s - 1000 µL/s
萃取次数(次/样品)	0 - 1000
萃取体积	0 µL - 1300 µL
孵化时间	最多600 min.
标准吸附填料	Tenax TA 80/100 mesh, 其他产品请见第五页
除水步骤中捕集阱温度	40°C - 150°C
缩短进样周期的捕集阱降温功能	迅速捕集阱降温<2分钟



ITEX动态顶空所需工具及模块

ITEX Kit		PAL3-ITEX-Kit PAL3 ITEX tool, including: 1 pc Smart ITEX syringe 1.3 mL (SITEX-1300-T) 2 pcs ITEX trap TENAX TA 80/100 mesh (PAL3-ITEX-Trap-TXTA100) compatible with all PAL RTC/PAL RSI models from firmware version 2.3. or higher requires firmware version 3.n or higher and PAL RTC/PAL RSI Series II for Smart functionality
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必需模块

顶空孵化炉模块		F用于加热和震荡样品 • 可放置6个20 mL顶空瓶 • 温度范围40 - 200 °C • 震荡速度250 - 750 rpm • 可选2 mL或10 mL样品瓶适配器
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其他可选的顶空进样工具及模块

顶空工具		顶空进样组成: - 1000, 2500 和 5000 µL 样品针可选 - 支持惰性气体针吹扫，避免残留 - 支持2 mL, 10 mL, 20 mL 样品瓶磁力运输
智能SPME Fiber 套件		智能SPME 套件, 组成: 1 pc SPME tool 1 pc SPME Fiber assortment kit (SFIB-SEL5-S2) 1 pc SPME performance evaluation mix
智能SPME Arrow 套件		智能SPME Arrow 套件不包含 GC进样口适配器的组成: 1 pc SPME Arrow tool 1 pc Smart SPME Arrow assortment kit (SARR1115-SEL5-S2) 1 pc SPME performance evaluation mix 需要GC具体进样口的适配器套件
磁力搅拌模块		强大的加热和混合模块, 用于样品前处理和SPME Arrow • 温度范围40 ° - 150 °C • 磁力搅拌速度可达1600 rpm (无需磁子) • 可用于20 mL 样品瓶(10 mL 样品瓶需要适配器)
涡旋混合模块		用于有效的混合(dilution / extraction) • 标准样品瓶类型: 2 mL / 10 mL / 20 mL • 1个额外的位置支持自定义的样品瓶 • 提供有效的样品混合, 混合速度可达2000 rpm



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